

## Nominalization

### A. Compare the sentences:

Most people would agree that regular exercise is important. (general English)	There is widespread <b>agreement</b> about the <b>importance</b> of regular exercise. (academic English)
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### B. Rewrite the sentences by changing the verbs in **bold** into nouns.

1. Political candidates need **to perform** well during a TV debate.

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2. Our city needs **to assess** its recycling system.

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3. **I hope** my English students will use this book.

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4. The police **investigated** the robbery.

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5. The Japanese **invaded** Korea in 1592.

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6. This sentence **illustrates** the problems with nominalization.

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7. We can't understand what the professors **means**.

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### C. Rewrite the sentences replacing the underlined words with a suitable noun phrase.

1. The journal reported that prehistoric remains **had recently been discovered** in Colombia.

*The journal reported the **recent discovery** of prehistoric remains in Colombia.*

2. The report had not recognised **how severe global warming would be** in this century.

The report had underestimated \_\_\_\_\_

3. The only way **to diagnose the disease accurately** is to obtain a blood sample.

A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ depends on obtaining a blood sample.

4. Many countries are **dangerously dependent on oil** as a source of energy.

Many countries have \_\_\_\_\_ as a source of energy.

5. **You can insure yourself against losing your income** if you become **unemployed**.

There is \_\_\_\_\_

caused by \_\_\_\_\_

6. Piaget is known for his studies of the **way children developed intellectually**.

Piaget is known for his studies of \_\_\_\_\_

- D. Adjectives into nouns: write the appropriate noun in the second sentence, so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

1. The scene was so beautiful that it took her breath away.

The \_\_\_\_\_ of the scene took her breath away.

2. They measured how wide the road was.

They measured the \_\_\_\_\_ of the road.

3. The fact that he was thin put off directors.

His \_\_\_\_\_ put off the directors.

- E. Combine the sentences replacing the adjective with a noun:

1. My sister was cheerful. This made me forget all my troubles.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. The Mosque's foundations are strong. This stopped it from collapsing in the earthquake.

\_\_\_\_\_

3. The crate is heavy. It slowed Ram's progress.

\_\_\_\_\_

*adapted from*

O'Connell, S. – *Focus on IELTS*. Pearson

<https://www.eslwriting.org/wp-content/uploads/nominalization-worksheet.pdf>

<http://www.tutorvista.com/content/english/english-ii/workbook/nominalisation.php#adjectives-into-nouns>